INDEX

	pag.
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	XI
FOREWORD	XIII
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	XV

Introduction

DATA SOCIETY HUMAN RIGHTS AND NEUROTECHNOLOGY

1.	The Data Society	1
2.	"Voluntary" disclosure of personal and neural data	6
3.	Structure of the book	9

Part I

THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL SOFT LAW IN THE REGULATION OF EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES: THE CASE OF NEUROTECHNOLOGIES

Chapter 1

NEUROTECHNOLOGY: DEFINITION OF THE OBJECT AND SCOPE OF ANALYSIS

1. Neurotechnology: concept and origin

	1.1. Introduction	13
	1.2. What is neurotechnology?	15
2.	From the lab to the market	17
3.	Systems of classification	23
	3.1. Method-based classification systems	23
	3.2. Data-based classification systems	26
	3.3. The controversial question of invasiveness	28
4.	Introduction to the neuro-rights debate	30

Chapter 2

EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES AND INTERNATIONAL SOFT LAW: NEW CHALLENGES TO OLD PROBLEMS

1.	The role of soft law in the governance of emerging technologies	37
2.	The difficult task of defining international soft law	38
3.	The theory of the triple function of soft law	43

Part II

NEUROTECHNOLOGIES AND INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

INTRODUCTION

Chapter 3

ANALYZING SAFEGUARDS PROVIDED BY THE INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS SYSTEM OF PROTECTION IN ERA OF NEUROTECHNOLOGY

- 1. Framework of analysis: the horizontal approach to human rights and the significant role of soft law in ensuring effective human rights due diligence in the neurotechnology context
- 2. Neural data and the right to privacy

59 65

тиел

pag.

	2.1. Existing regulatory gaps hindering the protection of the right to	
	privacy with respect to neural data	70
3.	Right to freedom of thought	74
	3.1. Drawing the contours of the right to freedom of thought	74
	3.2. Protection of the freedom of thought in international and region-	
	al human rights instruments	77
	3.3. Conclusive reflections on the right to freedom of thought: im-	
	pact on autonomy and agency	84
4.	Right to physical integrity: a reply to Ienca's and Andorno's mental	
	integrity reconceptualization proposal	88
	4.1. Some thoughts on the right to mental integrity	88
	4.2. The right to physical integrity	90
	4.3. The EU's Medical Devices Regulation: a risk-based roadmap?	93
5.	Special focus on disability rights and neurotechonology	97
5.	special focus on disability rights and fedfolcenonology	91

Chapter 4

STATE'S POSITIVE OBLIGATIONS, NEUROTECHNOLOGY AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS: WHAT IS THE POTENTIAL CONTRIBUTION OF THIS TECHNOLOGY TO THE UN'S AGENDA 2030?

1.	The right to health	102
2.	The right to education	106
3.	The right to enjoy the benefits of science and its applications	108
4.	Human enhancement through NT: a brief overview of differences	
	within regional approaches	114

Chapter 5

DUAL-USE NEUROTECHNOLOGY IN THE ERA OF TECHNOLOGICAL CONVERGENCE

1.	The promise of greater security or the cost of convenience	125
2.	Is the use of neurotechnology in military contexts compliant with	
	IHL?	127
	2.1. Neuroweapons	127
	2.2. Neurotechnology and Lethal Autonomous Weapon Systems	131
3.	A critical analysis of the proposal for a neurosecurity framework	134

pag.

Part III

A MULTI-LEVEL RESPONSE TO A COMPLEX GOVERNANCE QUESTION: AN ANALYSIS OF THE CURRENT PROPOSALS TO REGULATE NEUROTECHNOLOGIES

Chapter 6

DEVELOPMENTS AT AN INTERNATIONAL AND REGIONAL LEVEL: THE COEXISTENCE OF SOFT LAW AND HARD LAW INSTRUMENTS

1.	The OECD's Recommendation on the Responsible Use of Neuro-	
	technology	140
2.	The Council of Europe's two-fold strategy	145
	2.1. The Oviedo Convention and the ECtHR	145
	2.2. Convention 108 and the protection of neural data	149
3.	UNESCO: The Bioethics Committee Report and the Draft Recom-	
	mendation	152
4.	Regional soft law initiatives on neurotechnology	157
	4.1. The Leon Declaration on European Neurotechnology	157
	4.2. The Inter-American Declaration of Principles regarding Neuro-	
	science, Neurotechnologies and Human Rights	158
5.	Resolution 51/3 and the B-Tech project: is the UN HRC under the	
	Ruggie effect?	161

Chapter 7

GOVERNANCE OF NEUROTECHNOLOGIES

1. The quest for a rights-based universal guiding instrument in the age of	
fragmentation	165
2. A cross-examination of soft-monitoring alternatives to grant a human- rights based governance of NT	169
CONCLUSION	175
BIBLIOGRAPHY	185